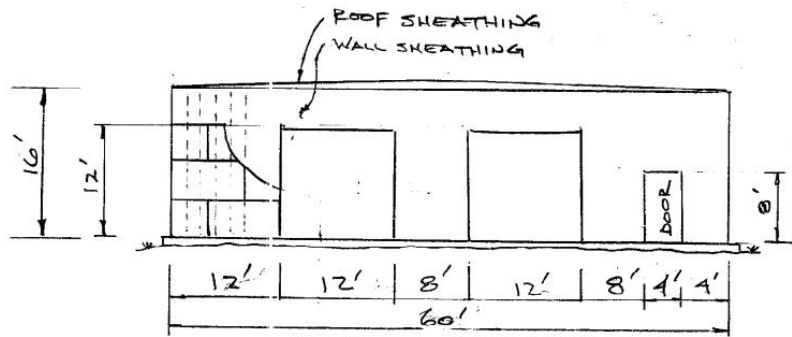
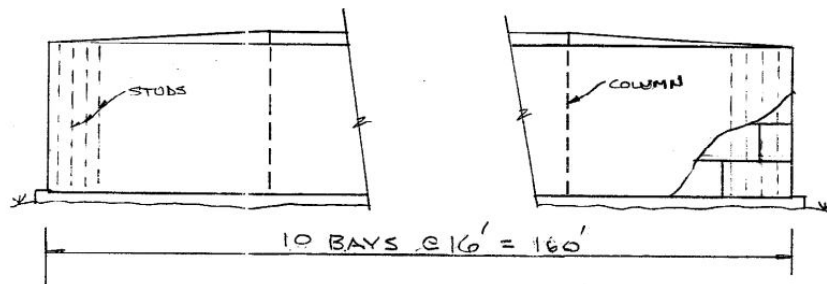


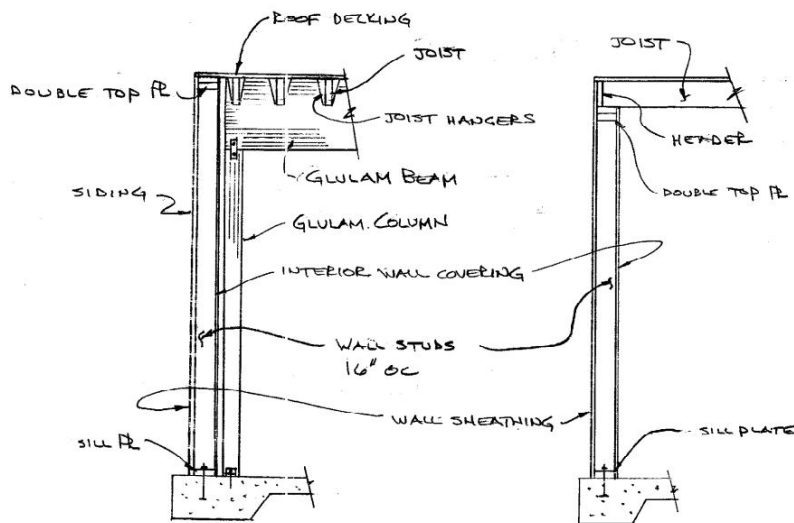
Given:



END ELEVATION



SIDE ELEVATION



SECTION A-A

SECTION B-B

Design Loads for Section B-B:

$H : = 16 \text{ ft}$ $T_L : = 8 \text{ ft}$ $T_w : = 16 \frac{1}{12} = 1.333 \text{ ft}$

$A_{Tplan} : = T_w \cdot T_L = 10.667 \text{ ft}^2$ $A_{Telev} : = H \cdot T_w = 21.333 \text{ ft}^2$

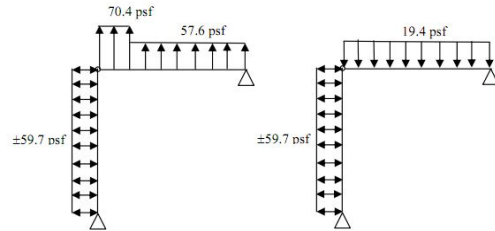
- Dead Load on End Walls: FBC 2005, Appendix A (P. A.1-A.3)

Plywood, rigid insulation, felt and gravel, HVAC, ceiling, and joists:

$D : = 3 \cdot \frac{5}{8} + 4 \cdot .75 + 6.5 + 4 + 2 + 7 = 24.375 \text{ psf}$

- Wind Load:

59.7 psf inward/outward on all walls
 70.4 psf upward on roof joist edge strips
 57.6 psf upward on interior portion of roof joists
 19.4 psf downward on roof joists



- Roof Live Load:

$L_0 : = 20 \text{ psf}$

$R_1 : = \begin{cases} 1.0 & \text{if } A_{Tplan} \leq 200 \\ (1.2 - 0.001 \cdot A_{Tplan}) & \text{if } 200 < A_{Tplan} < 600 \\ 0.6 & \text{if } A_{Tplan} \geq 600 \end{cases}$ $R_1 = 1$ $R_2 : = 1.0$

$L_R : = L_0 \cdot R_1 \cdot R_2 = 20 \text{ psf}$ ASCE 7-10, Eqn. (4.8-1)

- Downward Load Cases (lbs of compression on each stud):

Dead Load Only:

$P_D : = A_{Tplan} \cdot D = 260 \text{ lbs}$

Dead plus Roof Live:

$P_{D_Lr} : = A_{Tplan} \cdot (D + L_R) = 473.333 \text{ lbs}$

*Dead plus 0.6*Wind:*

$P_{D_W} : = A_{Tplan} \cdot (D + 0.6 \cdot 19.4) = 384.16 \text{ lbs}$

Dead plus 3/4 of (Roof Live plus 0.6*Wind):

$$P_{D_Lr_W} := A_{Tplan} \cdot [D + 0.75 \cdot (L_R + 0.6 \cdot 19.4)] = 513.12 \text{ lbs}$$

Estimate Controlling Downward Load Case:

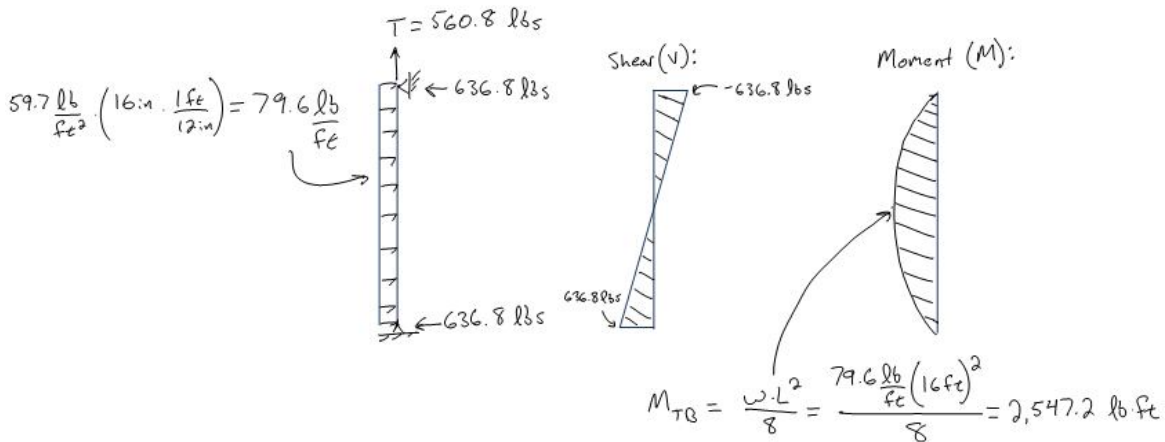
| Load Case: | Load (lbs): | C _D : | Load/C _D : |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. D | 260 | 0.9 | 288.89 |
| 2. D + L _R | 473.33 | 1.25 | 378.66 |
| 5. D + 0.6*(W) | 384.16 | 1.6 | 240.1 |
| 6a. D + 0.75*(L _R + 0.6*W) | 513.12 | 1.6 | 320.7 |

Therefore, for axial compression use: P := 473.33 lbs C_D := 1.25

Upward Load Cases: 0.6*D+W [W-0.6*D upward] C_D=1.6

$$T := T_W \cdot 6 \cdot 70.4 + T_W \cdot 2 \cdot 57.6 - A_{Tplan} \cdot 0.6 \cdot D = 560.8 \text{ lbs}$$

Check Combined Tension and Bending:



T = 560.8 lbs

M_{TB} := 2547.2 · 12 = 3.057 × 10⁴ lb-in

*****Try 2X10, #2 Southern Pine:**

| | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| $b : = 1.5$ in | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14) |
| $d : = 9.25$ in | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14) |
| $A : = 13.88$ in ² | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14) |
| $S : = 21.39$ in ³ | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14) |
| $F_b : = 1050$ psi | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 4B (P. 38) |
| $F_t : = 575$ psi | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 4B (P. 38) |
| $E_{min} : = 580000$ psi | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 4B (P. 38) |
| $C_D : = 1.6$ | | NDS 2005, Table 2.3.2 (P.9) |
| $C_M : = 1.0$ | EMC \leq 19% | NDS Supplement 2005, Table 4B (P.37) |
| $C_t : = 1.0$ | | NDS 2005, Table 2.3.3 (P.9) |
| $C_L : = 1.0$ | Drywall provided on interior of walls | NDS 2005, Section 4.3.5 |
| $C_F : = 1.0$ | Table 4B Adjustment Factors | NDS 2005, Section 4.3.6 |
| $C_{fu} : = 1.0$ | Major Axis Bending | NDS 2005, Section 4.3.7 |
| $C_i : = 1.0$ | Untreated Lumber | NDS 2005, Section 4.3.8 |
| $C_r : = 1.15$ | Stud Wall | NDS 2005, Section 4.3.9 |

Tension Side Check:

$$f_t : = \frac{T}{A} = 40.403 \text{ psi} \qquad F'_t : = F_t \cdot C_D \cdot C_M \cdot C_t \cdot C_F \cdot C_i = 920 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_b : = \frac{M_{TB}}{S} = 1.429 \times 10^3 \text{ psi} \qquad [F_b^x] : = F_b \cdot C_D \cdot C_M \cdot C_t \cdot C_F \cdot C_{fu} \cdot C_i \cdot C_r = 1.932 \times 10^3 \text{ psi}$$

therefore: $\frac{f_t}{F'_t} + \frac{f_b}{[F_b^x]} = 0.784 < 1.0$ 2005 NDS, Eqn. (3.9-1)

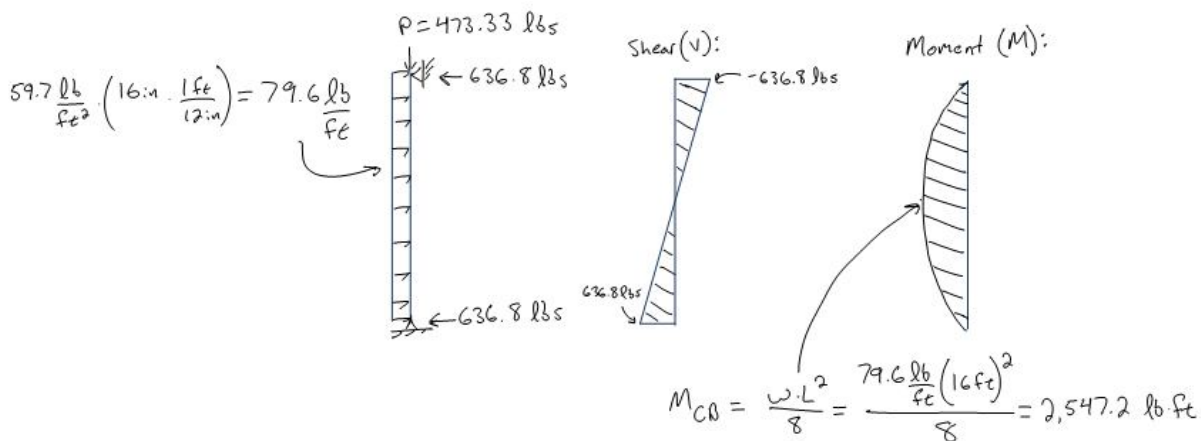
Compression Side Check:

$$[F_b^{xx}] : = F_b \cdot C_D \cdot C_M \cdot C_t \cdot C_L \cdot C_F \cdot C_{fu} \cdot C_i \cdot C_r = 1.932 \times 10^3 \text{ psi}$$

therefore: $\frac{f_b - f_t}{[F_b^{xx}]} = 0.719 < 1.0$ 2005 NDS, Eqn. (3.9-2)

*****2X10, #2 Southern Pine will suffice for combined tension and bending in section B-B.**

Check Combined Compression and Bending:



$P = 473.33 \text{ lbs}$

$M_{CB} = 2547.2 \cdot 12 = 3.057 \times 10^4 \text{ lb-in}$

*****Try 2X10, #2 Southern Pine:**

$d_x = 1.5 \text{ in}$

2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14)

$d_y = 9.25 \text{ in}$

2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14)

$A = 13.88 \text{ in}^2$

2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14)

$S = 21.39 \text{ in}^3$

2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14)

$F_b = 1050 \text{ psi}$

2005 NDS Supplement, Table 4B (P. 38)

$F_c = 1500 \text{ psi}$

2005 NDS Supplement, Table 4B (P. 38)

$E_{min} = 580000 \text{ psi}$

2005 NDS Supplement, Table 4B (P. 38)

$C_D = 1.25$

NDS 2005, Table 2.3.2 (P.9)

$C_M = 1.0$

EMC ≤ 19%

NDS Supplement 2005, Table 4B (P.37)

$C_t = 1.0$

NDS 2005, Table 2.3.3 (P.9)

$C_F = 1.0$

Table 4B Adjustment Factors

NDS 2005, Section 4.3.6

$C_{fu} = 1.0$

Major Axis Bending

NDS 2005, Section 4.3.7

$C_i = 1.0$

Untreated Lumber

NDS 2005, Section 4.3.8

$C_r = 1.15$

Stud Wall

NDS 2005, Section 4.3.9

$C_p = 1.0$

Drywall provided on interior of walls

NDS 2005, Section 4.3.9

Check Combined Compression and Bending:

$$f_c := \frac{P}{A} = 34.102 \text{ psi}$$

$$F'_c := F_c \cdot C_D \cdot C_M \cdot C_t \cdot C_F \cdot C_i \cdot C_P = 1.875 \times 10^3 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_{b1} := \frac{M_{CB}}{S} = 1.429 \times 10^3 \text{ psi}$$

$$F'_{b1} := F_b \cdot C_D \cdot C_M \cdot C_t \cdot C_L \cdot C_F \cdot C_{fu} \cdot C_i \cdot C_r = 1.509 \times 10^3 \text{ psi}$$

$$F_{cE1} := \text{infinity}$$

$$F_{bE} := \text{infinity}$$

therefore:

$$f_c = 34.102 \text{ psi} < F_{cE1} := \text{infinity} \quad \left[\frac{f_c}{F_{cE1}} \right] := 0$$

$$f_{b1} = 1.429 \times 10^3 \text{ psi} < F_{bE} := \text{infinity}$$

$$\left(\frac{f_c}{F'_c} \right)^2 + \frac{f_{b1}}{F'_{b1} \cdot \left(1 - \left[\frac{f_c}{F_{cE1}} \right] \right)} = 0.947 < 1.0$$

2005 NDS, Eqn. (3.9-3)

Summary for Section B-B:

The controlling case of Combined Compression and Bending required that 2X10, #2 Southern Pine Studs are to be installed on the end walls of the structure.

Design Loads for Section A-A:

$H : = 16 \text{ ft}$ $T_w : = 16 \frac{1}{12} = 1.333 \text{ ft}$

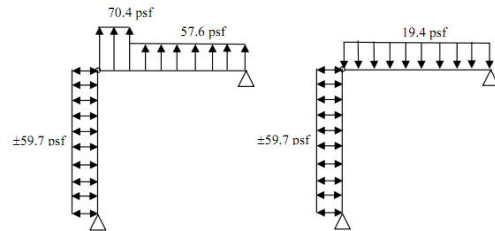
$A_{T_{lev}} : = H \cdot T_w = 21.333 \text{ ft}^2$

• **Dead Load:**

All Dead Load is supported by Glulam Beams and Columns for Section B-B (longitudinal walls).

• **Wind Load:**

- 59.7 psf inward/outward on all walls
- 70.4 psf upward on roof joist edge strips
- 57.6 psf upward on interior portion of roof joists
- 19.4 psf downward on roof joists



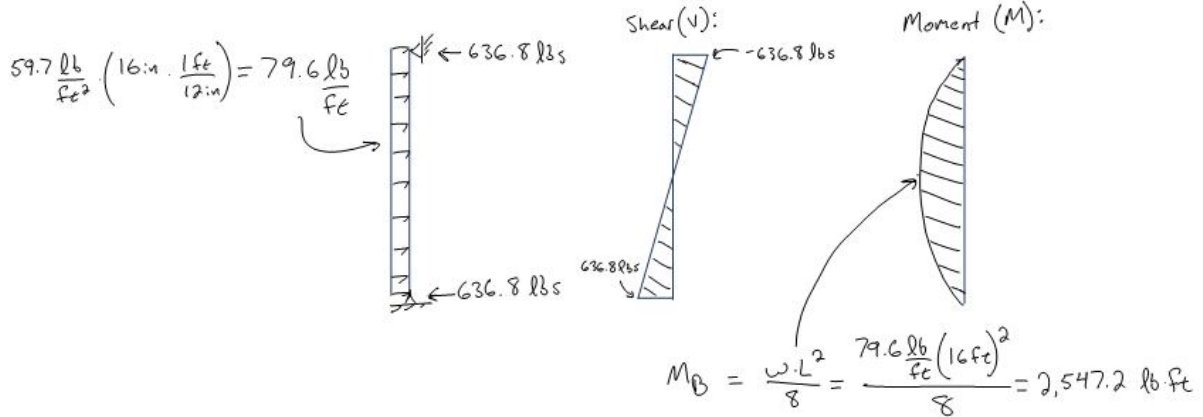
• **Roof Live Load:**

All Roof Live Load is supported by Glulam Beams and Columns for Section B-B (longitudinal walls).

• **Controlling Load Case:**

59.7 psf inward/outward on all walls

$C_D : = 1.6$



$M_B : = 2547.2 \cdot 12 = 3.057 \times 10^4 \text{ lb-in}$

*****Try 2X10, #2 Southern Pine:**

| | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| d_x : =1.5 in | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14) |
| d_y : =9.25 in | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14) |
| A : =13.88 in ² | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14) |
| S : =21.39 in ³ | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14) |
| F_b : =1050 psi | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 4B (P. 38) |
| E_{min} : =580000 psi | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 4B (P. 38) |
| C_D : =1.6 | | NDS 2005, Table 2.3.2 (P.9) |
| C_M : =1.0 | EMC ≤ 19% | NDS Supplement 2005, Table 4B (P.37) |
| C_t : =1.0 | | NDS 2005, Table 2.3.3 (P.9) |
| C_L : =1.0 | Drywall provided on interior of walls | |
| C_F : =1.0 | Table 4B Adjustment Factors | NDS 2005, Section 4.3.6 |
| C_{fu} : =1.0 | Major Axis Bending | NDS 2005, Section 4.3.7 |
| C_i : =1.0 | Untreated Lumber | NDS 2005, Section 4.3.8 |
| C_r : =1.15 | Stud Wall | NDS 2005, Section 4.3.9 |

· Determine Actual Bending Stress:

$$f_b := \frac{M_B}{S} = 1.429 \times 10^3 \text{ psi}$$

· Check Bending Strength of Member:

$$F'_b := F_b \cdot C_D \cdot C_M \cdot C_t \cdot C_L \cdot C_F \cdot C_{fu} \cdot C_i \cdot C_r = 1.932 \times 10^3 \text{ psi} > f_b = 1.429 \times 10^3 \text{ psi}$$

Summary for Section A-A:

The only load case of lateral wind pressure required that 2X10, #2 Southern Pine Studs are to be installed on the longitudinal walls of the structure.

Design Loads for Large Door Support Columns (sides of door frame):

$H : = 16 \text{ ft} \quad T_L : = 8 \text{ ft} \quad T_w : = 8 \frac{1}{12} + 6 = 6.667 \text{ ft}$

$A_{T_{plan}} : = T_w \cdot T_L = 53.333 \text{ ft}^2 \quad A_{T_{elev}} : = H \cdot T_w = 106.667 \text{ ft}^2$

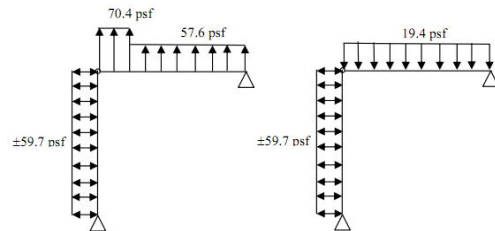
- Dead Load on End Walls: FBC 2005, Appendix A (P. A.1-A.3)

Plywood, rigid insulation, felt and gravel, HVAC, ceiling, and joists:

$D : = 3 \cdot \frac{5}{8} + 4 \cdot .75 + 6.5 + 4 + 2 + 7 = 24.375 \text{ psf}$

- Wind Load:

59.7 psf inward/outward on all walls
 70.4 psf upward on roof joist edge strips
 57.6 psf upward on interior portion of roof joists
 19.4 psf downward on roof joists



- Roof Live Load:

$L_0 : = 20 \text{ psf}$

$R_1 : = \begin{cases} 1.0 & \text{if } A_{T_{plan}} \leq 200 \\ (1.2 - 0.001 \cdot A_{T_{plan}}) & \text{if } 200 < A_{T_{plan}} < 600 \\ 0.6 & \text{if } A_{T_{plan}} \geq 600 \end{cases} \quad R_1 = 1 \quad R_2 : = 1.0$

$L_R : = L_0 \cdot R_1 \cdot R_2 = 20 \text{ psf}$ ASCE 7-10, Eqn. (4.8-1)

- Downward Load Cases (lbs of compression on each stud):

Dead Load Only:

$P_D : = A_{T_{plan}} \cdot D = 1.3 \times 10^3 \text{ lbs}$

Dead plus Roof Live:

$P_{D_Lr} : = A_{T_{plan}} \cdot (D + L_R) = 2.367 \times 10^3 \text{ lbs}$

*Dead plus 0.6*Wind:*

$P_{D_W} : = A_{T_{plan}} \cdot (D + 0.6 \cdot 19.4) = 1.921 \times 10^3 \text{ lbs}$

Dead plus 3/4 of (Roof Live plus 0.6*Wind):

$$P_{D_Lr_W} := A_{Tplan} \cdot [D + 0.75 \cdot (L_R + 0.6 \cdot 19.4)] = 2.566 \times 10^3 \text{ lbs}$$

Estimate Controlling Downward Load Case:

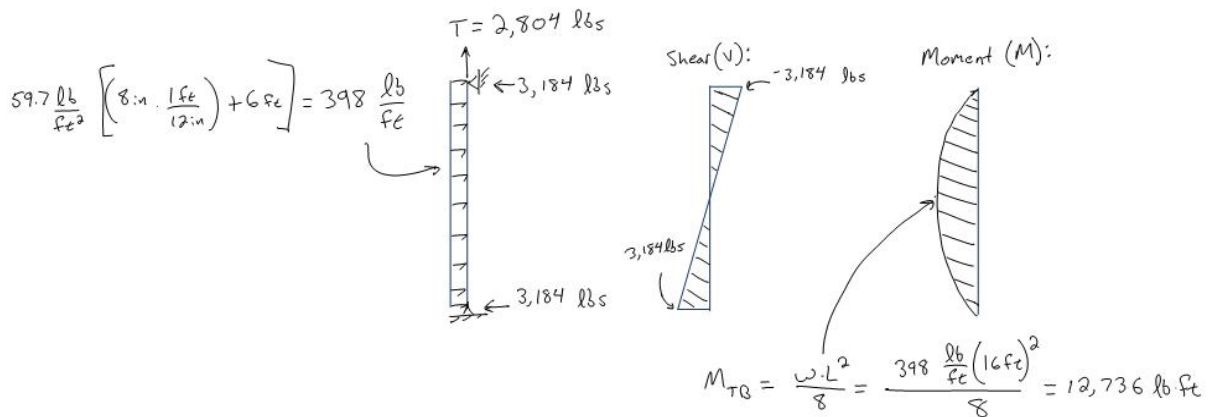
| Load Case: | Load (lbs): | C _D : | Load/C _D : |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. D | 1300 | 0.9 | 1444.44 |
| 2. D + L _R | 2367 | 1.25 | 1893.6 |
| 5. D + 0.6*(W) | 1921 | 1.6 | 1200.6 |
| 6a. D + 0.75*(L _R + 0.6*W) | 2566 | 1.6 | 1603.8 |

Therefore, for axial compression use: P := 2367 lbs C_D := 1.25

Upward Load Cases: 0.6*D+W [W-0.6*D upward] C_D=1.6

$$T := T_W \cdot 6 \cdot 70.4 + T_W \cdot 2 \cdot 57.6 - A_{Tplan} \cdot 0.6 \cdot D = 2.804 \times 10^3 \text{ lbs}$$

Check Combined Tension and Bending:



$$T = 2.804 \times 10^3 \text{ lbs}$$

$$M_{TB} := 12736 \cdot 12 = 1.528 \times 10^5 \text{ lb-in}$$

*****Try 4 - 2X10, #2 Southern Pine:**

| | | |
|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| $b : = 4 \cdot 1.5 = 6 \text{ in}$ | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14) |
| $d : = 9.25 \text{ in}$ | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14) |
| $A : = b \cdot d = 55.5 \text{ in}^2$ | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14) |
| $I : = \frac{b \cdot d^3}{12} = 395.727 \text{ in}^4$ | $S : = \frac{I}{\frac{d}{2}} = 85.563 \text{ in}^3$ | |
| $F_b : = 1050 \text{ psi}$ | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 4B (P. 38) |
| $F_t : = 575 \text{ psi}$ | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 4B (P. 38) |
| $E_{min} : = 580000 \text{ psi}$ | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 4B (P. 38) |
| $C_D : = 1.6$ | | NDS 2005, Table 2.3.2 (P.9) |
| $C_M : = 1.0$ | EMC \leq 19% | NDS Supplement 2005, Table 4B (P.37) |
| $C_t : = 1.0$ | | NDS 2005, Table 2.3.3 (P.9) |
| $C_L : = 1.0$ | Drywall provided on interior of walls | NDS 2005, Section 4.3.5 |
| $C_F : = 1.0$ | Table 4B Adjustment Factors | NDS 2005, Section 4.3.6 |
| $C_{fu} : = 1.0$ | Major Axis Bending | NDS 2005, Section 4.3.7 |
| $C_i : = 1.0$ | Untreated Lumber | NDS 2005, Section 4.3.8 |
| $C_r : = 1.15$ | Stud Wall | NDS 2005, Section 4.3.9 |

Tension Side Check:

$$f_t : = \frac{T}{A} = 50.523 \text{ psi} \qquad F'_t : = F_t \cdot C_D \cdot C_M \cdot C_t \cdot C_F \cdot C_i = 920 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_b : = \frac{M_{TB}}{S} = 1.786 \times 10^3 \text{ psi} \qquad [F_b^x] : = F_b \cdot C_D \cdot C_M \cdot C_t \cdot C_F \cdot C_{fu} \cdot C_i \cdot C_r = 1.932 \times 10^3 \text{ psi}$$

therefore: $\frac{f_t}{F'_t} + \frac{f_b}{[F_b^x]} = 0.979 < 1.0$ 2005 NDS, Eqn. (3.9-1)

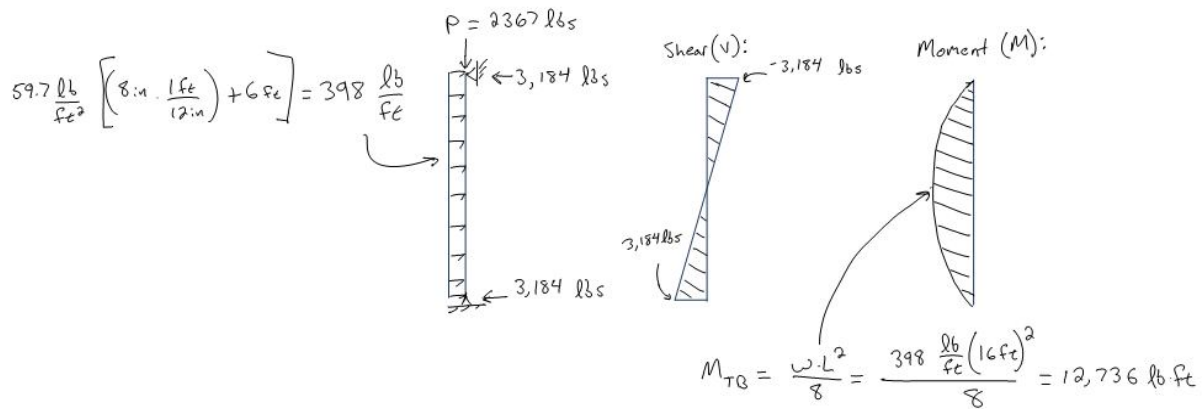
Compression Side Check:

$$[F_b^{xx}] : = F_b \cdot C_D \cdot C_M \cdot C_t \cdot C_L \cdot C_F \cdot C_{fu} \cdot C_i \cdot C_r = 1.932 \times 10^3 \text{ psi}$$

therefore: $\frac{f_b - f_t}{[F_b^{xx}]} = 0.898 < 1.0$ 2005 NDS, Eqn. (3.9-2)

*****4 - 2X10, #2 Southern Pine will suffice for combined tension and bending for the large door.**

Check Combined Compression and Bending:



$$P = 2.367 \times 10^3 \text{ lbs}$$

$$M_{CB} := 12736 \cdot 12 = 1.528 \times 10^5 \text{ lb}\cdot\text{in}$$

*****Try 5 - 2X10, #2 Southern Pine:**

$$b := 5 \cdot 1.5 = 7.5 \text{ in}$$

2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14)

$$d := 9.25 \text{ in}$$

2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14)

$$A := b \cdot d = 69.375 \text{ in}^2$$

2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14)

$$I := \frac{b \cdot d^3}{12} = 494.658 \text{ in}^4$$

$$S := \frac{I}{\frac{d}{2}} = 106.953 \text{ in}^3$$

$$F_b := 1050 \text{ psi}$$

2005 NDS Supplement, Table 4B (P. 38)

$$F_c := 1500 \text{ psi}$$

2005 NDS Supplement, Table 4B (P. 38)

$$E_{min} := 580000 \text{ psi}$$

2005 NDS Supplement, Table 4B (P. 38)

$$C_D := 1.25$$

NDS 2005, Table 2.3.2 (P.9)

$$C_M := 1.0$$

$$EMC \leq 19\%$$

NDS Supplement 2005, Table 4B (P.37)

$$C_t := 1.0$$

NDS 2005, Table 2.3.3 (P.9)

$$C_F := 1.0$$

Table 4B Adjustment Factors

NDS 2005, Section 4.3.6

$$C_{fu} := 1.0$$

Major Axis Bending

NDS 2005, Section 4.3.7

$$C_i := 1.0$$

Untreated Lumber

NDS 2005, Section 4.3.8

$$C_r := 1.15$$

Stud Wall

NDS 2005, Section 4.3.9

$$C_p := 1.0$$

Drywall provided on interior of walls

NDS 2005, Section 4.3.9

Check Combined Compression and Bending:

$$f_c := \frac{P}{A} = 34.119 \text{ psi}$$

$$F'_c := F_c \cdot C_D \cdot C_M \cdot C_t \cdot C_F \cdot C_i \cdot C_P = 1.875 \times 10^3 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_{b1} := \frac{M_{CB}}{S} = 1.429 \times 10^3 \text{ psi}$$

$$F'_{b1} := F_b \cdot C_D \cdot C_M \cdot C_t \cdot C_L \cdot C_F \cdot C_{fu} \cdot C_i \cdot C_r = 1.509 \times 10^3 \text{ psi}$$

$$F_{cE1} := \text{infinity}$$

$$F_{bE} := \text{infinity}$$

therefore:

$$f_c = 34.119 \text{ psi} < F_{cE1} := \text{infinity} \quad \left[\frac{f_c}{F_{cE1}} \right] := 0$$

$$f_{b1} = 1.429 \times 10^3 \text{ psi} < F_{bE} := \text{infinity}$$

$$\left(\frac{f_c}{F'_c} \right)^2 + \frac{f_{b1}}{F'_{b1} \cdot \left(1 - \left[\frac{f_c}{F_{cE1}} \right] \right)} = 0.947 < 1.0$$

2005 NDS, Eqn. (3.9-3)

Summary for Studs on the Side of the Large Door Frame:

The controlling case of Combined Compression and Bending required that 5 - 2X10, #2 Southern Pine boards are to be used to support each side of the large door frame.

Design Loads for Small Door Support Columns (sides of door frame):

$H : = 16 \text{ ft}$ $T_L : = 8 \text{ ft}$ $T_w : = 8 \frac{1}{12} + 2 = 2.667 \text{ ft}$

$A_{Tplan} : = T_w \cdot T_L = 21.333 \text{ ft}^2$ $A_{Telev} : = H \cdot T_w = 42.667 \text{ ft}^2$

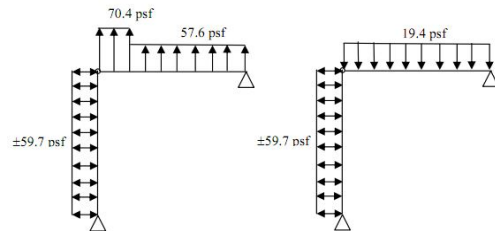
- Dead Load on End Walls: FBC 2005, Appendix A (P. A.1-A.3)

Plywood, rigid insulation, felt and gravel, HVAC, ceiling, and joists:

$D : = 3 \cdot \frac{5}{8} + 4 \cdot .75 + 6.5 + 4 + 2 + 7 = 24.375 \text{ psf}$

- Wind Load:

59.7 psf inward/outward on all walls
 70.4 psf upward on roof joist edge strips
 57.6 psf upward on interior portion of roof joists
 19.4 psf downward on roof joists



- Roof Live Load:

$L_0 : = 20 \text{ psf}$

$R_1 : = \begin{cases} 1.0 & \text{if } A_{Tplan} \leq 200 \\ (1.2 - 0.001 \cdot A_{Tplan}) & \text{if } 200 < A_{Tplan} < 600 \\ 0.6 & \text{if } A_{Tplan} \geq 600 \end{cases}$ $R_1 = 1$ $R_2 : = 1.0$

$L_R : = L_0 \cdot R_1 \cdot R_2 = 20 \text{ psf}$ ASCE 7-10, Eqn. (4.8-1)

- Downward Load Cases (lbs of compression on each stud):

Dead Load Only:

$P_D : = A_{Tplan} \cdot D = 520 \text{ lbs}$

Dead plus Roof Live:

$P_{D_Lr} : = A_{Tplan} \cdot (D + L_R) = 946.667 \text{ lbs}$

*Dead plus 0.6*Wind:*

$P_{D_W} : = A_{Tplan} \cdot (D + 0.6 \cdot 19.4) = 768.32 \text{ lbs}$

Dead plus 3/4 of (Roof Live plus 0.6*Wind):

$$P_{D_Lr_W} := A_{Tplan} \cdot [D + 0.75 \cdot (L_R + 0.6 \cdot 19.4)] = 1.026 \times 10^3 \text{ lbs}$$

Estimate Controlling Downward Load Case:

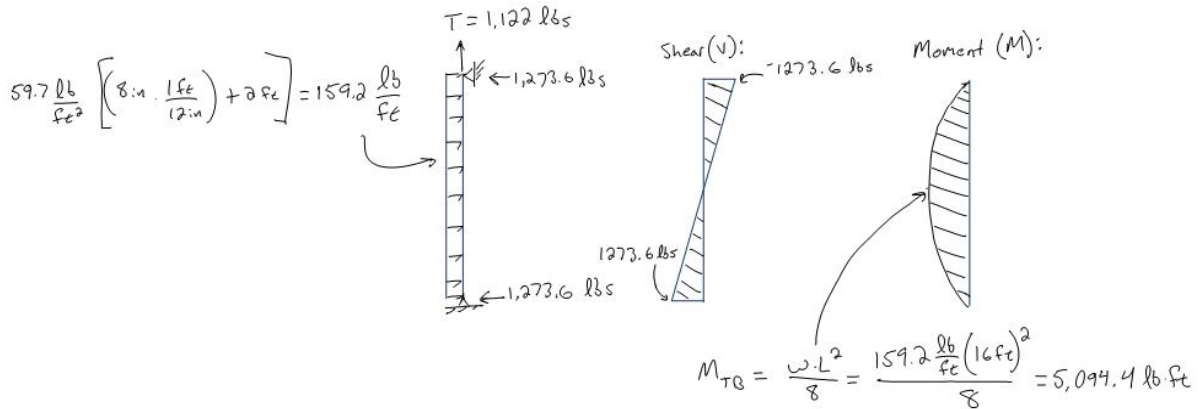
| Load Case: | Load (lbs): | C _D : | Load/C _D : |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. D | 520 | 0.9 | 577.78 |
| 2. D + L _R | 946.67 | 1.25 | 757.34 |
| 5. D + 0.6*(W) | 768.32 | 1.6 | 480.2 |
| 6a. D + 0.75*(L _R + 0.6*W) | 1026 | 1.6 | 641.25 |

Therefore, for axial compression use: P := 946.67 lbs C_D := 1.25

Upward Load Cases: 0.6*D+W [W-0.6*D upward] C_D=1.6

$$T := T_W \cdot 6 \cdot 70.4 + T_W \cdot 2 \cdot 57.6 - A_{Tplan} \cdot 0.6 \cdot D = 1.122 \times 10^3 \text{ lbs}$$

Check Combined Tension and Bending:



$$T = 1.122 \times 10^3 \text{ lbs}$$

$$M_{TB} := 5094.4 \cdot 12 = 6.113 \times 10^4 \text{ lb-in}$$

*****Try 2 - 2X10, #2 Southern Pine:**

| | | |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| $b := 2 \cdot 1.5 = 3 \text{ in}$ | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14) |
| $d := 9.25 \text{ in}$ | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14) |
| $A := b \cdot d = 27.75 \text{ in}^2$ | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14) |
| $I := \frac{b \cdot d^3}{12} = 197.863 \text{ in}^4$ | $S := \frac{I}{\frac{d}{2}} = 42.781 \text{ in}^3$ | |
| $F_b := 1050 \text{ psi}$ | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 4B (P. 38) |
| $F_t := 575 \text{ psi}$ | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 4B (P. 38) |
| $E_{min} := 580000 \text{ psi}$ | | 2005 NDS Supplement, Table 4B (P. 38) |
| $C_D := 1.6$ | | NDS 2005, Table 2.3.2 (P.9) |
| $C_M := 1.0$ | EMC \leq 19% | NDS Supplement 2005, Table 4B (P.37) |
| $C_t := 1.0$ | | NDS 2005, Table 2.3.3 (P.9) |
| $C_L := 1.0$ | Drywall provided on interior of walls | NDS 2005, Section 4.3.5 |
| $C_F := 1.0$ | Table 4B Adjustment Factors | NDS 2005, Section 4.3.6 |
| $C_{fu} := 1.0$ | Major Axis Bending | NDS 2005, Section 4.3.7 |
| $C_i := 1.0$ | Untreated Lumber | NDS 2005, Section 4.3.8 |
| $C_r := 1.15$ | Stud Wall | NDS 2005, Section 4.3.9 |

Tension Side Check:

$$f_t := \frac{T}{A} = 40.418 \text{ psi} \qquad F'_t := F_t \cdot C_D \cdot C_M \cdot C_t \cdot C_F \cdot C_i = 920 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_b := \frac{M_{TB}}{S} = 1.429 \times 10^3 \text{ psi} \qquad [F_b^x] := F_b \cdot C_D \cdot C_M \cdot C_t \cdot C_F \cdot C_{fu} \cdot C_i \cdot C_r = 1.932 \times 10^3 \text{ psi}$$

therefore: $\frac{f_t}{F'_t} + \frac{f_b}{[F_b^x]} = 0.784 < 1.0$ 2005 NDS, Eqn. (3.9-1)

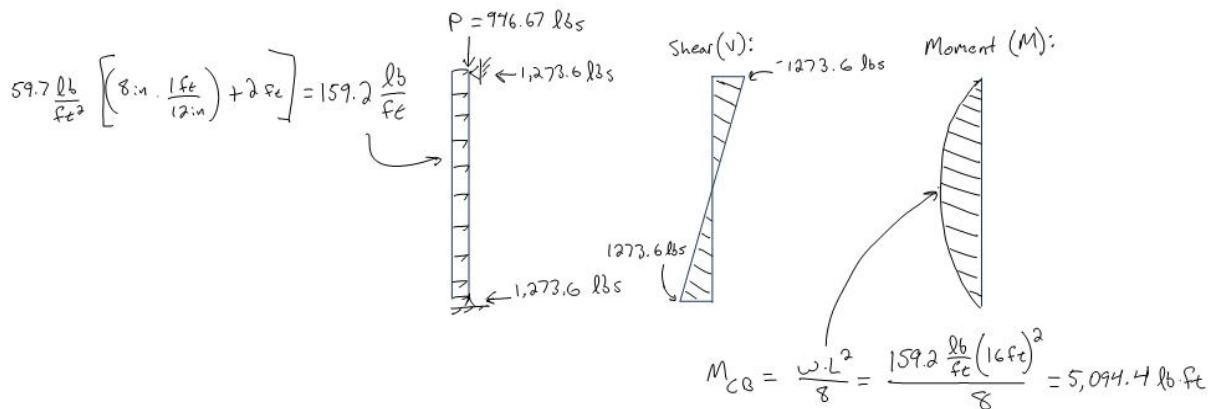
Compression Side Check:

$$[F_b^{xx}] := F_b \cdot C_D \cdot C_M \cdot C_t \cdot C_L \cdot C_F \cdot C_{fu} \cdot C_i \cdot C_r = 1.932 \times 10^3 \text{ psi}$$

therefore: $\frac{f_b - f_t}{[F_b^{xx}]} = 0.719 < 1.0$ 2005 NDS, Eqn. (3.9-2)

*****2 - 2X10, #2 Southern Pine will suffice for combined tension and bending for the large door.**

Check Combined Compression and Bending:



$P = 946.67 \text{ lbs}$

$M_{CB} := 5094.4 \cdot 12 = 6.113 \times 10^4 \text{ lb-in}$

*****Try 2 - 2X10, #2 Southern Pine:**

$b := 2 \cdot 1.5 = 3 \text{ in}$

2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14)

$d := 9.25 \text{ in}$

2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14)

$A := b \cdot d = 27.75 \text{ in}^2$

2005 NDS Supplement, Table 1B (P. 14)

$I := \frac{b \cdot d^3}{12} = 197.863 \text{ in}^4$

$S := \frac{I}{\frac{d}{2}} = 42.781 \text{ in}^3$

$F_b := 1050 \text{ psi}$

2005 NDS Supplement, Table 4B (P. 38)

$F_c := 1500 \text{ psi}$

2005 NDS Supplement, Table 4B (P. 38)

$E_{min} := 580000 \text{ psi}$

2005 NDS Supplement, Table 4B (P. 38)

$C_D := 1.25$

NDS 2005, Table 2.3.2 (P.9)

$C_M := 1.0$

$EMC \leq 19\%$

NDS Supplement 2005, Table 4B (P.37)

$C_t := 1.0$

NDS 2005, Table 2.3.3 (P.9)

$C_F := 1.0$

Table 4B Adjustment Factors

NDS 2005, Section 4.3.6

$C_{fu} := 1.0$

Major Axis Bending

NDS 2005, Section 4.3.7

$C_i := 1.0$

Untreated Lumber

NDS 2005, Section 4.3.8

$C_r := 1.15$

Stud Wall

NDS 2005, Section 4.3.9

$C_p := 1.0$

Drywall provided on interior of walls

NDS 2005, Section 4.3.9

Check Combined Compression and Bending:

$$f_c := \frac{P}{A} = 34.114 \text{ psi}$$

$$F'_c := F_c \cdot C_D \cdot C_M \cdot C_t \cdot C_F \cdot C_i \cdot C_P = 1.875 \times 10^3 \text{ psi}$$

$$f_{b1} := \frac{M_{CB}}{S} = 1.429 \times 10^3 \text{ psi}$$

$$F'_{b1} := F_b \cdot C_D \cdot C_M \cdot C_t \cdot C_L \cdot C_F \cdot C_{fu} \cdot C_i \cdot C_r = 1.509 \times 10^3 \text{ psi}$$

$$F_{cE1} := \text{infinity}$$

$$F_{bE} := \text{infinity}$$

therefore:

$$f_c = 34.114 \text{ psi} < F_{cE1} := \text{infinity} \quad \left[\frac{f_c}{F_{cE1}} \right] := 0$$

$$f_{b1} = 1.429 \times 10^3 \text{ psi} < F_{bE} := \text{infinity}$$

$$\left(\frac{f_c}{F'_c} \right)^2 + \frac{f_{b1}}{F'_{b1} \cdot \left(1 - \left[\frac{f_c}{F_{cE1}} \right] \right)} = 0.947 < 1.0 \quad \text{2005 NDS, Eqn. (3.9-3)}$$

Summary for Studs on the Side of the Small Door Frame:

The controlling case of Combined Compression and Bending required that 2 - 2X10, #2 Southern Pine boards are to be used to support each side of the Small door frame.